Norway lobster (Nephrops norvegicus) in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15 (Irish Sea, West)

ICES advice on fishing opportunities

ICES advises that when the MSY approach is applied, and assuming that discard rates and fishery selection patterns do not change from the average of 2015–2017, catches in 2019 should be no more than 11 107 tonnes.

To ensure that the stock in Functional Unit 15 is exploited sustainably, management should be implemented at the functional unit level.

Stock development over time

Since 2003, stock abundance has been above MSY B_{trigger}. In the last decade the harvest rate has fluctuated around F_{MSY} and was below F_{MSY} in 2016 and 2017.

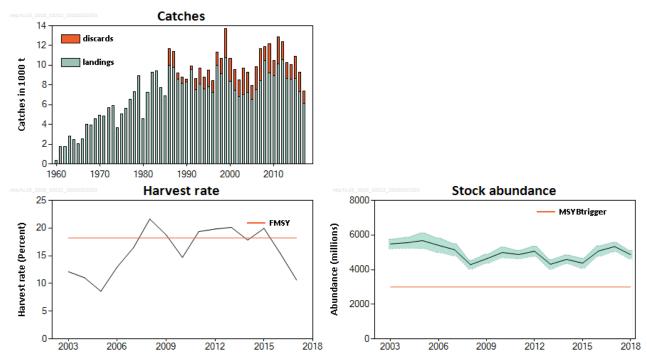


Figure 1 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Summary of the stock assessment. Catches (discard data are only available from 1986), harvest rate (sum of landings and dead discards in numbers, divided by total abundance), survey abundance (Underwater TV, billions; SSB proxy; 95% confidence intervals). Harvest rates between 2003 and 2006 may be unreliable because of underreporting of landings. Orange lines represent MSY B_{trigger} and the F_{MSY} harvest rate.

Stock and exploitation status

ICES assesses that fishing pressure on the stock is below FMSY, and spawning stock size is above MSY Btrigger.

Table 1 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. State of the stock and fishery relative to reference points.

		Fishing pressure					Stock size				
		2015 2016		.6 2017			2016 2		2017		2018
Maximum sustainable yield	F _{MSY}	8	•	0	Below		MSY B _{trigger}	•	•	0	Above trigger
Precautionary approach	F _{pa} ,F _{lim}	•	•	0	Below potential reference points		B _{pa} ,B _{lim}	•	•	0	Above potential reference points
Management plan	F _{MGT}	_	_	_	Not applicable		B _{MGT}	-	-	–	Not applicable

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Catch scenarios

Table 2 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. The basis for the catch scenarios.

Variable	Value	Notes
Stock abundance (2019)	4.9 billion	UWTV survey 2018 (number of individuals).
Mean weight in wanted catch	13.8 g	Average 2015–2017.
Mean weight in unwanted catch	7.97 g	Average 2015–2017.
Unwanted catch	29.3%	Average 2015–2017 (proportion by number).
Discards survival	10%	Proportion by number.
Dead unwanted catch	27.2%	Average 2015–2017 (proportion by number).

Table 3 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Annual catch advice and scenarios; Discarding assumed to continue at recent average. All weights are in tonnes.

Basis	Total catch Dead removals		Wanted Dead unwanted catch		Surviving unwanted catch	Harvest rate* %	% advice change **			
	WC+DUC+SUC	WC+DUC	WC+DUC WC DUC		SUC	for WC+DUC				
ICES advice basis	ICES advice basis									
MSY approach	11107	10893	8959	1933	215	18.2	-5.92			
Other options	Other options									
F ₂₀₁₇	6469	6344	5218	1126	125	10.6	-45.2			
F _{MSY lower}	7568	7421	6104	1317	146	12.4	-35.9			
F _{MSY upper} ***	11107	10893	8959	1933	215	18.2	-5.92			

^{*} By number.

There is a reduction in advised total catch as a result of the decline in the observed stock abundance.

Basis of the advice

Table 4 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. The basis of the advice.

Advice basis	MSY approach.
Management plan	The EU has proposed a multiannual management plan for the Western Waters, which is not yet finalized
Management plan	(EU, 2018).

Quality of the assessment

An annual UWTV survey has taken place since 2003 which gives abundance estimates for the Functional Unit (FU) 15 with high precision. The quality of input data and level of sampling for this stock are good.

Issues relevant for the advice

From 2016 the EU landing obligation was applied to all catches of Norway lobster fisheries in ICES Subarea 7, with several exemptions. Observations from the 2016–2017 fishery indicate that discarding above the minimum conservation reference size (MCRS) continues and has not changed markedly (Figure 3). Consequently, ICES is providing advice for 2019 assuming average discard rates as observed over the last three years, which is considered to be a more realistic assumption.

The density of *Nephrops* in FU 15 is considered very high (average density 0.85 individuals m^{-2} in 2018) compared to other FUs. A harvest rate consistent with a combined sex F_{MAX} of 18.2% is considered an appropriate proxy for F_{MSY} . Whilst harvest rates had previously been above F_{MSY} and the stock size has been stable at a high level, harvest rates in 2016 and 2017 declined below F_{MSY} .

^{**} Advice value for 2019 relative to advice value for 2018.

^{***} $F_{MSY upper} = F_{MSY}$ for this stock.

A single TAC covers the entire ICES Subarea 7. Management should be implemented at the functional unit level to ensure that fishing opportunities are in line with the scale of the resource for each of the stocks and the corresponding MSY approach.

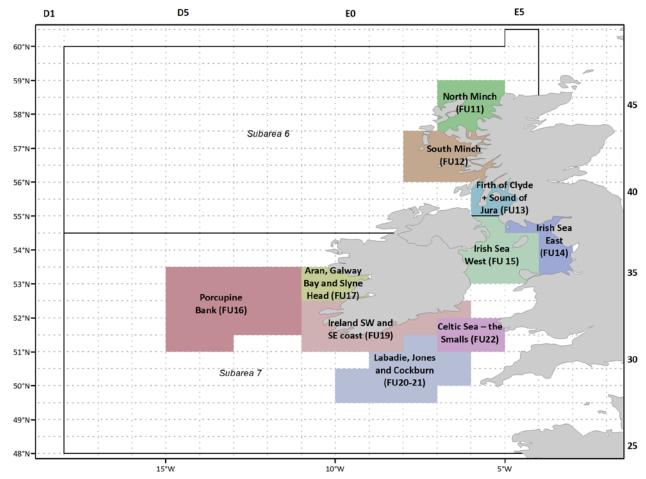


Figure 2 Norway lobster functional units in subareas 6 and 7.

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Reference points

 Table 5
 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Reference points, values, and their technical basis.

Framework	Reference point	Value	Technical basis	Source
MSY approach	MSY B _{trigger}	3 billion individuals	Minimum abundance observed based on a scaled trawl survey index.	ICES (2016)
	F _{MSY}	18.2% harvest rate	F _{MSY} proxy equivalent to F _{max} for combined sexes, derived from a length-based per recruit analysis.	ICES (2016)
Precautionary	B _{lim}	Not defined		
	B _{pa}	Not defined		
approach	F _{lim}	Not defined		
	F _{pa}	Not defined		
	MAP MSY B _{trigger}	3 billion individuals	MSY B _{trigger}	EU (2018)
	MAP B _{lim}	Not defined		
	MAP F _{MSY}	18.2% harvest rate	F _{MSY}	EU (2018)
Management plan*	MAP range F _{lower} 12.4–18.2% harvest rate		Consistent with ranges provided by ICES (2016), resulting in no more than 5% reduction in long-term yield compared with MSY.	EU (2018)
	MAP range F _{upper}	18.2–18.2% harvest rate	$F_{MSY\ upper}$ value capped at F_{MSY} because it has not been possible to evaluate the probability of SSB < B_{lim} (ICES, 2016).	EU (2018)

^{*}Proposed EU multiannual plan (MAP) for the Western Waters (EU, 2018).

Basis of the assessment

Table 6 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Basis of the assessment and advice.

ICES stock data category	1 (<u>ICES, 2018a</u>).					
Assessment type	Underwater TV survey.					
	One survey index (UWTV in FUs 14–15); commercial catches (international landings, length frequencies					
Input data	from catch sampling); fixed maturity ogive based on survey sampling, fixed natural mortality. Discard					
	survival rate.					
Discards and bycatch	Included in the assessment since 2003.					
Indicators	Length–frequency distributions of the catches by sex. CPUE from <i>Nephrops</i> trawl survey.					
Other information	The latest benchmark (based on the UWTV survey) was performed in 2009 (ICES, 2009).					
Working group	Working Group for the Celtic Seas Ecoregion (WGCSE)					

Information from stakeholders

There is no additional available information for this stock.

History of the advice, catch, and management

 Table 7
 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. ICES advice, landings, and discards. All weights are in tonnes.

Table 7	Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Function	onal Unit 15. ICE	:S advice, landin	igs, and discards.	All weights are i	n tonnes.
Year	ICES advice	Landings advice	Catch advice	Recommended landings (FUs 14 + 15)	ICES landings	Total discards*
1989					8128	673
1990					8300	276
1991					9554	345
1992				8900	7541	1079
1993				9400	8102	1622
1994				9400	7606	1185
1995				9400	7796	1724
1996				9400	7247	1202
1997				9400	9971	1330
1998				9400	9128	1560
1999				9400	10786	2913
2000				9400	8370	2293
2001				9400	7441	2112
2002	Set TAC in line with 1995–1999 landings			9550	6793	1732
2003	Set TAC in line with 1995–1999 landings			9550	7065	2659
2004	Set TAC in line with 1995–1999 landings			9550	7270	1993
2005	Set TAC in line with 1995–1999 landings			9550	6554	1412
2006	No increase in effort			9550	7561	2285
2007	No increase in effort	1		-	8491	3246
2008	No increase in effort	1		-	10508	1421
2009	No increase in effort and landings	< 8500			9198	2934
2010	Harvest rate no greater than the equivalent to fishing at F _{0.1}	< 5500			8963	1539
2011	Transition scheme towards the ICES MSY framework	< 9500			10162	2683
2012	MSY approach	< 9800			10529	1871
2013	MSY approach	< 9300			8672	1590
2014	MSY approach	< 8200			8613	1418
2015	MSY approach	< 8223			8643	2228
2016	MSY approach		≤ 8682**		7327	1939
2017	MSY approach		≤ 11248***		6150	1222
2018	MSY approach		≤ 11807***			
2019	MSY approach		≤ 11107***			
* Daniel	and the smaller and a					

^{*} Dead + surviving discards.

History of the catch and landings

 Table 8
 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Catch distribution by fleet in 2017 as estimated by ICES.

Ca	tch	Landings	Total discards		
98.3% dead	1.7% surviving	99.7% <i>Nephrops</i> otter trawls (70–99 mm)	0.3% creels	90% dead	10% surviving
7372 t		6150 t	1222 t		

^{**} Assuming all catches are landed.

^{***} Assuming recent discard rates.

Table 9 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. History of ICES estimates of landings and total discards. All weights are in tonnes.

	weights	are in tonnes.						
Year	Ireland	UK	UK (E&W)	UK (NI)	UK	UK (Isle of Man)**	Total landings	Total
1965		1018					1018	
1966		1701					1701	
1967		2077					2077	
1968		1987					1987	
1969	1011	2803					3814	
1970	1392	3001					4393	
1971	1384	3190					4574	
1972	1604	4120					5724	
1973	1863	4031					5894	
1974	982	2689					3671	
1975	909	4165					5074	
1976	1614	3989					5603	
1977	2469	4045					6514	
1978	2921	4375					7296	
1979	3436	5512					8948	
1979	1709	2869					4578	
1980	3202	4047					7249	
-		4047					9315	
1982 1983	4398 4324	5124					9315	
1983	3306	4454						
							7760	
1985	2421	4480					6901	1600
1986	4682	5296					9978	1680
1987	4639	5114					9753	1608
1988	3201	5385					8586	639
1989	2477	5651					8128	673
1990	2710	5590					8300	276
1991	3371	6183					9554	345
1992	2370	5171					7541	1079
1993	2715	5387					8102	1622
1994	1768	5838					7606	1185
1995	2259	5538					7796	1724
1996	1574	5673					7247	1202
1997	3349	6622					9971	1330
1998	3101	6027					9128	1560
1999	4582	6198				6	10786	2913
2000	3433	4937				0	8370	2293
2001	2689	4749				3	7441	2112
2002	2291	4501				1	6793	1732
2003	2709	4352				4	7065	2659
2004	2786	4470				13	7270	1993
2005	2133	4420				0	6554	1412
2006	2051		56	5429	23	1	7561	2285
2007	2767		102	5585	36	0	8491	3246
2008	3132		131	7166	26	50	10508	1421
2009	2343		200	6622	32	1	9198	2934
2010	2578		100	6251	33	0	8963	1539
2011	3575		88	6444	52	2	10162	2683
2012	3794		106	6586	39	3	10529	1871
2013	2465		56	6069	50	31	8672	1590
2014	2938		88	5558	29	-	8613	1418
2015	2202		26	6404	11	-	8643	2228
2016	1609		52	5638	25	-	7327	1939
2017	1253		81	4789	26	-	6150	1222

^{*} Dead + surviving discards.

^{**} Since 2014 included in UK (E&W) landings.

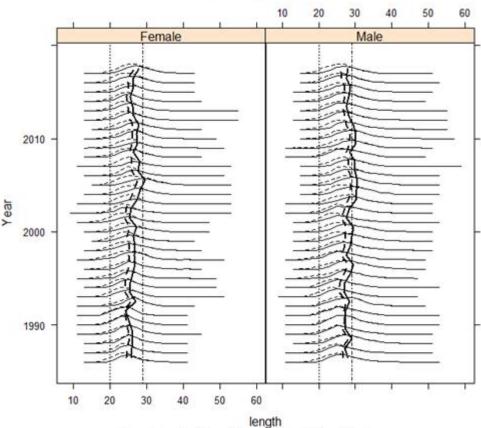
Summary of the assessment

Table 10Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Assessment summary.

Year	Landings (in numbers)	Total discards (in numbers) *	Removals (in numbers)	UWTV abundance estimates	95% conf. intervals	Harvest rate (by numbers)	Landings	Discards	Mean weight in Iandings	Mean weight in discards	Discard proportion (by numbers)	Dead discard proportion (by numbers)
		millions		billio	ns	%	toni	nes	gram	mes	9	6
2003	404	291	666	5.5	0.27	12.1	7065	2659	17.5	9.14	41.9	39.3
2004	416	218	612	5.5	0.3	11.0	7270	1993	17.5	9.14	34.4	32.0
2005	346	157	488	5.7	0.44	8.6	6554	1412	18.9	8.99	31.2	29.1
2006	467	261	701	5.4	0.41	13.0	7561	2285	16.2	8.75	35.9	33.4
2007	511	375	848	5.1	0.34	16.5	8491	3246	16.6	8.66	42.3	39.7
2008	755	191	927	4.3	0.25	21.6	10508	1421	13.9	7.44	20.2	18.6
2009	567	335	868	4.6	0.26	18.8	9198	2934	16.2	8.76	37.1	34.7
2010	572	180	733	5.0	0.31	14.7	8963	1539	15.7	8.55	23.9	22.0
2011	644	332	943	4.9	0.23	19.4	10162	2683	15.8	8.08	34.0	31.7
2012	771	258	1003	5.1	0.29	19.8	10529	1871	13.7	7.25	25.1	23.1
2013	662	229	867	4.3	0.27	20.1	8672	1590	13.1	6.94	25.7	23.6
2014	641	198	819	4.6	0.25	17.8	8613	1418	13.4	7.16	23.6	21.7
2015	620	280	872	4.4	0.29	19.9	8643	2228	13.9	7.96	31.1	28.9
2016	562	245	783	5.1	0.3	15.4	7327	1939	13.0	7.91	30.4	28.2
2017	426	152	563	5.3	0.3	10.6	6150	1222	14.4	8.04	26.3	24.3
2018				4.9	0.3							

^{*}Dead + surviving discards.

Length frequencies for Landings: Nephrops in FU15_5



Mean length of landings and catch vertically MLS (20mm) and 29mm levels displayed

Figure 3 Norway lobster in Division 7.a, Functional Unit 15. Catch length–frequency distribution and mean size in catches and landings. Vertical lines are minimum landing size (20 mm) and 29 mm.

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