

Norway lobster (*Nephrops norvegicus*) in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24 (northern and central Bay of Biscay)

ICES advice on fishing opportunities

ICES advises that when the MSY approach is applied, catches in 2020 should be no more than 6573 tonnes.

Stock development over time

Stock abundance has increased since 2017. The harvest rate in 2018 is estimated to be below F_{MSY} .

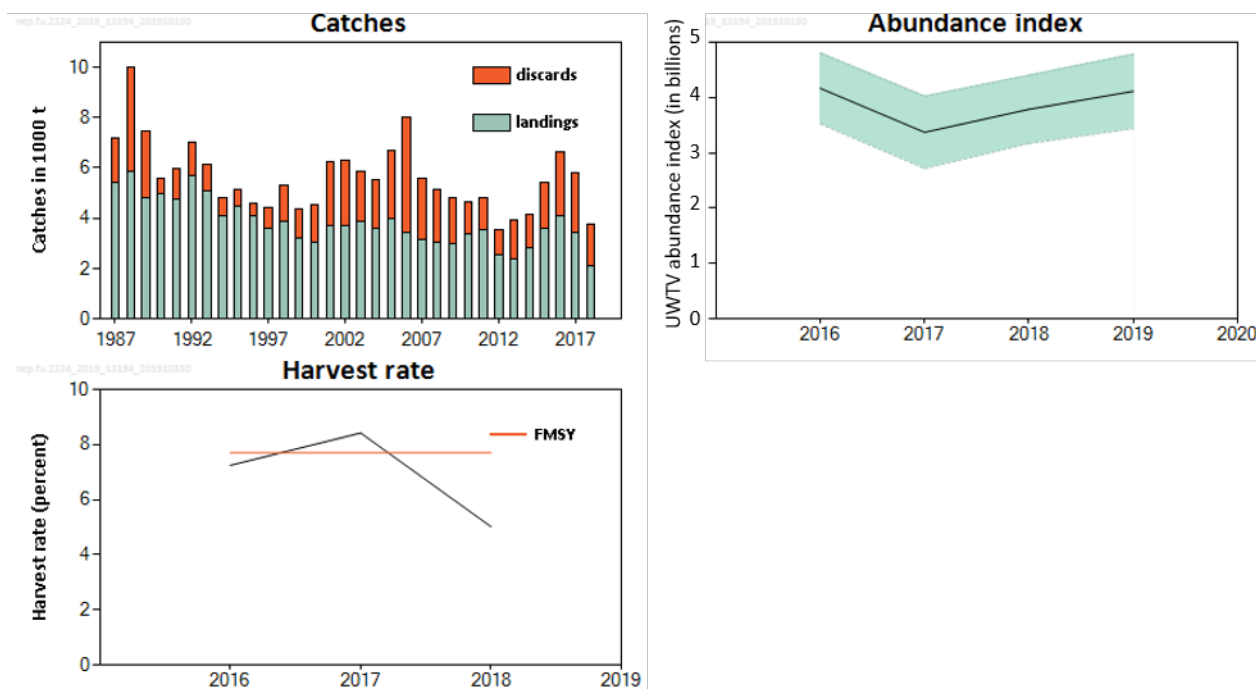


Figure 1 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. Summary of the stock assessment. Catches, harvest rate (sum of landings and dead discards in numbers, divided by total abundance), and stock abundance (underwater television (UWTV) survey, in billions; 95% confidence intervals). The orange line represents the F_{MSY} harvest rate.

Stock and exploitation status

ICES assesses that fishing pressure on the stock in 2018 is below F_{MSY} ; no reference points for stock size have been defined for this stock.

Table 1 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. State of the stock and fishery relative to reference points.

		Fishing pressure				Stock size		
		2016	2017	2018		2017	2018	2019
Maximum sustainable yield	F_{MSY}	✓	✗	✓ Below	MSY Btrigger	?	?	? Undefined
Precautionary approach	F_{pa}, F_{lim}	✓	?	✓ Below possible reference points	B_{pa}, B_{lim}	?	?	? Undefined
Management plan	FMGT	✓	✗	✓ Below	BMGT	—	—	— Not applicable

Catch scenarios

Table 2 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. The basis for the catch scenarios.

Variable	Value	Notes
Stock abundance	4113 million	Abundance in UWTV assessment 2019
Mean weight in wanted catch	24.86 grammes	Average 2016–2018
Mean weight in unwanted catch	11.73 grammes	Average 2016–2018
Unwanted catch proportion (total)	59.46%	Average (proportion by number) 2016–2018
Discards survival	30%	Proportion by number.
Dead discard rate (total)	50.71%	Average (proportion by number) 2016–2018

Table 3 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. Catch scenarios for 2020. All weights are in tonnes. The figures in the table are rounded. Calculations were done with unrounded inputs, and computed values may not match exactly when calculated using the rounded figures in the table.

Catch scenarios assuming recent discard rates

Catch scenarios assuming recent discard rates							
Basis***	Total catch	Dead removals	Wanted catch	Dead unwanted catch	Surviving unwanted catch	Harvest rate*	% Advice change**
	WC + DUC + SUC	WC + DUC	WC	DUC	SUC	for WC + DUC	
ICES advice basis							
MSY approach: F_{MSY}	6573	5767	3886	1881	806	7.70%	5.7
Other options							
F_{2018}	4284	3759	2533	1226	525	5.02%	-31
EU MAP^: F_{MSY}	6573	5767	3886	1881	806	7.70%	5.7

Catch scenarios assuming zero discards

Basis***	Total catch	Wanted catch	Unwanted catch	Harvest rate*	% advice change **
	WC + UC	WC	UC	for WC + UC	
ICES advice basis					
MSY approach: F _{MSY}	5401	3193	2208	7.7%	-13.2
Other options					
EU MAP^: F _{MSY}	5401	3193	2208	7.7%	-13.2
F ₂₀₁₈	4366	2581	1785	6.2%	-30.0

* By number.

** Advice value for 2020 relative to the advice value for 2019 (6221 tonnes).

*** Ranges are not defined for this stock.

[^] EU multiannual plan (MAP) for the Western Waters and adjacent waters (EU, 2019).

The advice for 2020 has increased by 5.7%, due to an increase in stock abundance.

Basis of the advice

Table 4 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. The basis of the advice.

Advice basis	MSY approach
Management plan	The EU multiannual plan (MAP) for stocks in the Western Waters and adjacent waters applies to catches of this stock.
	The MAP stipulates that when the F_{MSY} ranges are not available, fishing opportunities should be based on the best available scientific advice.

Quality of the assessment

Poor fits in the length–frequency models normally used for calculating F_{MSY} for category 1 *Nephrops* stocks meant that F_{MSY} values could not be estimated for functional units (FUs) 23–24 (Figure 2) using this method. The reasons for this require further investigation.

The F_{MSY} reference point (harvest rate of 7.7%) was established as an intermediate rate between the 10% average realized harvest rates of functional units with an observed history of sustainable exploitation, and the lower harvest rates of 5.5% in the FUs 23–24 stock in the recent past (ICES, 2017).

In 2019, the survey's camera system and reviewing method changed. A comparison showed no significant difference in density estimates between the new and the old methods. Previous assumptions relating to correction factors are still applied.

Issues relevant for the advice

ICES provides advice based on the MSY approach because the F_{MSY} range for the EU MAP is not defined.

From 2016, fisheries catching *Nephrops* in Subarea 8 are covered by the EU landings obligation (EU, 2015). However, an exemption for high survival has been granted for this fishery since 2016.

The assessment and advice for this stock were carried out by applying a discard survival rate of 30%, based on historical experiments (Charuau *et al.*, 1982). Méhault *et al.* (2016), however, found that the discard survival rate (55%) is higher than the historical reference. Further experiments (Mérillet *et al.*, 2018) estimated the rate at 51% when using the quick chute system for discarding *Nephrops*, which is mandatory since 1 January 2017. This updated estimate was deemed reliable enough to confirm the existing exemption (STECF, 2017). The updated discard survival rate will be considered when the revision of the reference points is carried out.

An improved selection pattern would reduce catches of undersized *Nephrops* and result in a higher yield in the long term.

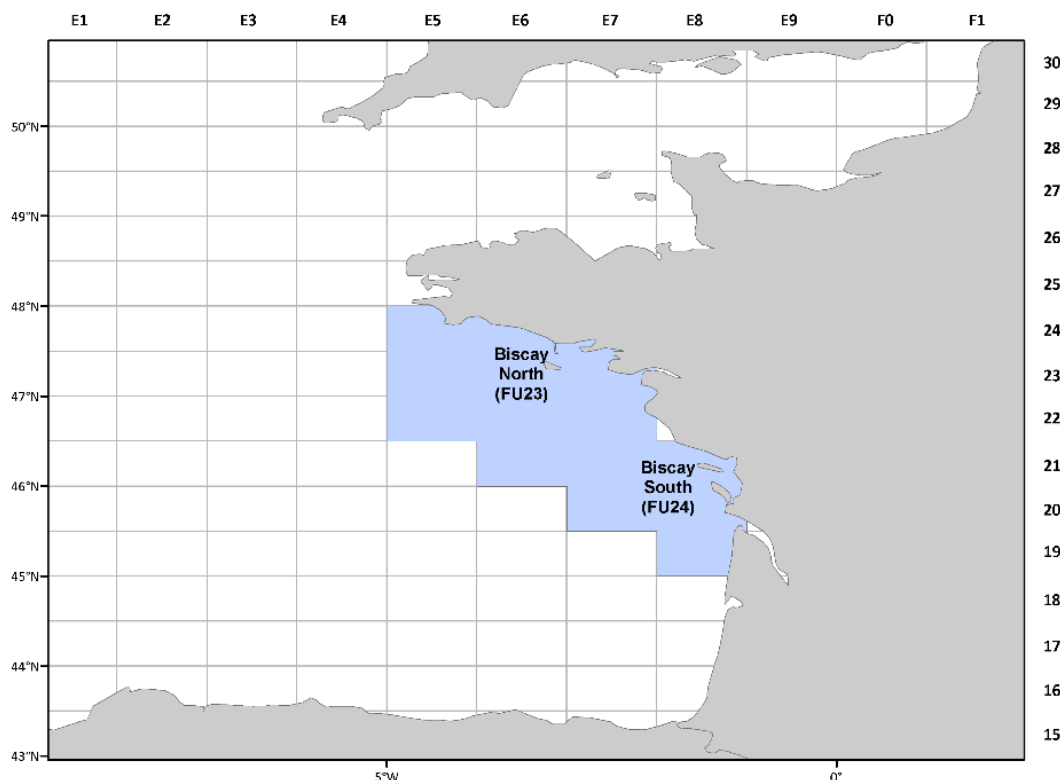


Figure 2 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. The functional units (FUs) 23 and 24 constitute a single stock of *Nephrops*.

Reference points

Table 5 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. Reference points, values, and their technical basis.

Framework	Reference point	Value	Technical basis	Source
MSY approach	MSY B_{trigger}	Not defined		
	F_{MSY}	7.7% harvest rate	F_{MSY} based on the average realized harvest rates of functional units with an observed history of sustainable exploitation, while also taking into account the low harvest rates applied to the FUs 23–24 stock in the recent past.	ICES (2016)
Precautionary approach	B_{lim}	Not defined		
	B_{pa}	Not defined		
	F_{lim}	Not defined		
	F_{pa}	Not defined		
Management plan	SSB_{mgt}	Not defined		
	F_{mgt}	Not defined		
	Not defined MAP	Not defined		
	MSY B_{trigger}			
	MAP B_{lim}	Not defined		
	MAP F_{MSY}	7.7% harvest rate	F_{MSY}	EU (2019), ICES (2017)
	MAP range F_{lower}	Not defined		
	MAP range F_{upper}	Not defined		

Basis of the assessment

Table 6 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. The basis of the assessment.

ICES stock data category	1 (ICES, 2018)
Assessment type	Underwater television (UWTV) survey (ICES, 2019).
Input data	One survey index (UWTV-FU 23–24); commercial catches (international landings, length frequencies from sampling); fixed maturity parameters from sampling on board; fixed natural mortalities. Discard survival rate of 30% (Charuau <i>et al.</i> , 1982).
Discards and bycatch	Included in the assessment for the entire time-series (> 50% of catches in number).
Indicators	Length–frequency distributions by sex.
Other information	The latest benchmark (based on the UWTV survey) was performed in October 2016 (ICES, 2017).
Working group	Working Group for the Bay of Biscay and the Iberian Waters Ecoregion (WGBIE)

Information from stakeholders

There is no additional information available.

History of the advice, catch, and management

Table 7 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. History of ICES advice, the agreed TAC, and ICES estimates of landings and discards. All weights are in tonnes.

Year	ICES advice	Landings corresponding to the advice	Catch advice	Agreed TAC	ICES estimated landings	ICES estimated total discards*
2003	50% reduction of current exploitation rate	2200		3000	3886	1977
2004	20% reduction of current exploitation rate	3300		3150	3571	1932
2005	20% reduction of current exploitation rate	3100		3100	3991	2698
2006	Maintain recent catch	3500		4000	3447	4544
2007	Maintain recent catch	3600		4320	3176	2411
2008	Maintain recent catch	3600		4320	3030	2123
2009	Maintain recent landings (average 2005–2007)	3400		4100	2987	1833
2010	No new advice, same as for 2009	3400		3900	3398	1275
2011	See scenarios			3900	3559	1263
2012	Reduce catch			3900	2520	1013
2013	Decrease landings by 5% (19% increase, followed by 20% PA reduction)	< 3200		3900	2380	1521
2014	Same advice as 2013	< 3200		3900	2807	1326
2015	Increase landings by no more than 14%	< 3214		3900	3569	1822
2016	Same advice as 2015	< 3214		3900	4091	2531
2017	MSY approach	≤ 4160**	≤ 6376**	4160	3412	2387
2018	MSY approach		≤ 5531**	3600	2125	1627
2019	MSY approach		≤ 6221**	3878		
2020	MSY approach		≤ 6573**			

* Dead + surviving discards.

** Assuming recent discard rates.

History of the catch and landings

Table 8 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. Official catch distribution by fleet in 2018 as estimated by ICES. All weights are in tonnes.

Catch		Landings	Discards*	
13.0% surviving	87.0% dead	≈ 100% bottom trawl	70% dead	30% surviving
3752		2125	1627	

* Dead + surviving discards.

Table 9 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. ICES estimates of removals, landings, and discards. Only the French fleet is fishing in these FUs. All weights are in tonnes.

Year	Removals*	Landings	Discards
1987	6634	5397	1767
1988	8772	5875	4138
1989	6940	4835	3007
1990	5423	4972	644
1991	5603	4754	1213
1992	6532	5681	1217
1993	5791	5109	974
1994	4594	4092	717
1995	4933	4452	687
1996	4460	4118	487
1997	4249	3610	914
1998	4882	3865	1453
1999	3974	3209	1092
2000	4005	3069	1337
2001	5569	3730	2628
2002	5454	3679	2535
2003	5270	3886	1977
2004	4923	3571	1932
2005	5880	3991	2698
2006	6627	3447	4544
2007	4864	3176	2411
2008	4517	3030	2123
2009	4270	2987	1833
2010	4290	3398	1275
2011	4443	3559	1263
2012	3229	2520	1013
2013	3444	2380	1521
2014	3735	2807	1326
2015	4845	3569	1822
2016	5863	4091	2531
2017	5083	3412	2387
2018	3264	2125	1627

* Removals are calculated as landings plus dead discards, assuming a 30% survival rate for discards.

Summary of the assessment

Table 10 Norway lobster in divisions 8.a and 8.b, functional units 23–24. Assessment summary.

Year	Landings in number	Total discards in number	Removals* in number	Abundance index	High	Low	Harvest rate (by number)	Mean weight in landings	Mean weight in discards	Discard rate (by number)	Dead discard rate (by number)	Landings	Discards
	millions			number of individuals			%	grammes		%		tonnes	
1987	288.974	268.244	39.386					0.019	0.007	48.14	39.386	5397	1767
1988	324.498	686.969	59.709					0.018	0.006	67.918	59.709	5875	4123
1989	244.875	404.228	53.608					0.02	0.007	62.275	53.608	4835	2634
1990	213.779	78.546	20.458					0.023	0.008	26.869	20.458	4972	627
1991	217.338	151.634	32.813					0.022	0.008	41.096	32.813	4754	1213
1992	274.286	174.362	30.795					0.021	0.008	38.864	30.795	5681	1354
1993	240.638	124.368	26.567					0.021	0.008	34.073	26.567	5109	1007
1994	188.879	88.267	24.649					0.022	0.008	31.848	24.649	4092	741
1995	202.294	84.78	22.682					0.022	0.008	29.533	22.682	4452	706
1996	182.041	55.25	17.522					0.023	0.009	23.283	17.522	4118	495
1997	188.694	104.994	28.031					0.019	0.008	35.75	28.031	3610	805
1998	161.549	150.995	39.55					0.024	0.01	48.312	39.55	3865	1453
1999	135.304	122.72	38.834					0.024	0.009	47.562	38.834	3209	1148
2000	133.383	163.33	46.155					0.023	0.009	55.047	46.155	3069	1455
2001	172.819	305.547	55.31					0.022	0.008	63.873	55.31	3730	2537
2002	180.442	329.002	56.069					0.02	0.008	64.581	56.069	3679	2620
2003	163.771	201.841	46.315					0.024	0.01	55.206	46.315	3886	1977
2004	154.405	222.102	50.172					0.023	0.009	58.99	50.172	3571	1932
2005	179.758	315.346	55.117					0.022	0.009	63.693	55.117	3991	2698
2006	128.777	487.288	72.594					0.027	0.009	79.097	72.594	3447	4544
2007	117.273	214.788	56.18					0.027	0.011	64.683	56.18	3176	2411
2008	115.274	198.031	54.598					0.026	0.011	63.207	54.598	3030	2123
2009	123.504	174.48	49.722					0.024	0.011	58.554	49.722	2987	1833
2010	138.12	113.53	36.523					0.025	0.011	45.114	36.523	3398	1275

Year	Landings in number	Total discards in number	Removals* in number	Abundance index	High	Low	Harvest rate (by number)	Mean weight in landings	Mean weight in discards	Discard rate (by number)	Dead discard rate (by number)	Landings	Discards
	millions			number of individuals			%	grammes		%		tonnes	
2011	108.011	121.603	44.074					0.033	0.01	52.96	44.074	3559	1263
2012	101.424	117.935	44.872					0.025	0.009	53.763	44.872	2520	1012
2013	114.853	154.914	48.564					0.021	0.01	57.425	48.564	2380	1521
2014	121.594	117.93	40.437					0.023	0.011	49.235	40.437	2807	1326
2015	138.92	156.4	44.074					0.026	0.012	52.959	44.074	3569	1822
2016	161.371	200.973	46.575	4167746000	4807776000	3527716000	7.2	0.025	0.013	55.465	46.575	4091	2531
2017	143.502	200.6	49.457	3372539114	4025129114	2719949114	8.4	0.024	0.012	58.297	49.457	3412	2387
2018	83.463	152.342	56.096	3787768868	4403748868	3171788868	5.0	0.025	0.011	64.605	56.096	2125	1627
2019				4113421560	4786151560	3440691560							

* Removals are calculated as landings plus dead discards, assuming a 30% survival rate for discards.

Sources and references

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