

Tusk (Brosme brosme) in Division 6.b (Rockall)

ICES advice on fishing opportunities

ICES advises that when the precautionary approach is applied, catches should be no more than 280 tonnes in each of the years 2021 and 2022.

Note: This advice sheet is abbreviated due to the Covid-19 disruption. The previous advice issued for 2019 and 2020 is attached as Annex 1.

Stock development over time

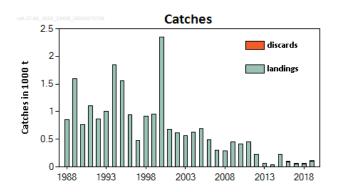


Figure 1 Tusk in Division 6.b. Catches in thousand tonnes. Discards have been reported since 2016.

Stock and exploitation status

Table 1 Tusk in Division 6.b. State of the stock and the fishery relative to reference points.

		Fishing pressure				_	Stock size				
		2017	2018		2019	_		2017	2018		2019
Maximum sustainable yield	F _{MSY}	2	?	2	Unknown		MSY B _{trigger}	?	?	8	Unknown
Precautionary approach	F _{pa} ,F _{lim}	2	8	8	Unknown		B _{pa} ,B _{lim}	2	8	8	Unknown
Management plan	F _{MGT}	-	_	-	Not applicable		B _{MGT}	_	_	-	Not applicable
Qualitative evaluation	-	?	8	2	Unknown		-	2	2	8	Unknown

Catch scenarios

Table 2Tusk in Division 6.b. The basis for the catch scenarios*.

Advised catch for 2019–2020 issued on 2018		280 tonnes
Discard rate, average 2017–2019		0.22
Precautionary buffer	Not applied (last applied in 2018)	-
Catch advice**		280 tonnes
Landings corresponding to catch advice***		218 tonnes
% advice change^		0%

* The figures in the table are rounded. Calculations were carried out with unrounded inputs and computed values may not match precisely when calculated using the rounded figures in the table.

** Equals to [Advice for 2019–2020]

*** [Advice for 2019–2020] × [1 – discard rate].

^ Advice value for 2021–2022 relative to advice value for 2019–2020.

ICES advice, as adopted by its Advisory Committee (ACOM), is developed upon request

by ICES clients (European Union, NASCO, NEAFC, Iceland, and Norway).

Issues relevant for the advice

This stock is classified as Category 4 in the NEAFC categorization of deep-sea species/stocks, which implies that fisheries are primarily restricted to coastal state exclusive economic zones (EEZs). Therefore, management measures are not taken by NEAFC unless complementary to coastal state conservation and management measures (NEAFC, 2016).

History of the advice, catch, and management

Table 3 Tusk in Division 6.b. History of ICES advice and landings. Weights are in tonnes. Predicted catch **ICES** advice* **ICES** landings **ICES** discards Year corresp. to advice 2003 561 -2004 627 -2005 -692 2006 487 -2007 299 _ 2008 293 2009 Constrain catches to the 2003–2007 average 530 469 2010 Biennial 530 419 Reduce catches by at least the rate of decline of 2011 450 the CPUE 2012 No new advice, same as 2011 _ 233 < 350 2013 20% reduction in catches 57 2014 < 350 No new advice, same as 2013 38 2015 Same advised catch as in 2013 < 350 226 2016 No new advice, same as 2015 7 < 350 90 Precautionary approach (same value as advised 2017 ≤ 350 47 14 catches for 2016) Precautionary approach (same value as advised 2018 ≤ 350 47 21 catches for 2016) 2019 Precautionary approach ≤ 280 100 12 2020 Precautionary approach ≤ 280 2021 Precautionary approach ≤ 280 Precautionary approach (same value as advised 2022 ≤ 280 catches for 2021)

* Prior to 2009, advice for this stock was combined with other areas.

Table 4Tusk in Division 6.b. Landings inside and outside the NEAFC Regulatory Area (RA) as estimated by ICES, and official
commercial landings. All weights are in tonnes.

Year	Inside the NEAFC RA	Outside the NEAFC RA	Landings	Proportion of catches inside the NEAFC RA (%)
2014	10	28	38	26
2015	43	183	226	19.0
2016	20	70	90	22
2017	3	44	47	6.4
2018	6	41	47	12.8
2019	4	96	100	4.0

Summary of the assessment

There is no assessment for tusk in this area.

Sources and references

ICES. 2020. Working Group on the Biology and Assessment of Deep-sea Fisheries Resources (WGDEEP). ICES Scientific Reports, 2:38. <u>http://doi.org/10.17895/ices.pub.6015</u>.

NEAFC. 2016. The NEAFC approach to conservation and management of deep-sea species and categorization of deep-sea species/stocks. Adopted at the 35th Annual Meeting, November 2016. <u>https://www.neafc.org/basictexts</u>.

Recommended citation: ICES. 2020. Tusk (*Brosme brosme*) in Division 6.b (Rockall). *In* Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2020. ICES Advice 2020, usk.27.6b. <u>https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.5808</u>.

Annex 1

ICES Advice on fishing opportunities, catch, and effort Celtic Seas Ecoregion usk.27.6b



Tusk (Brosme brosme) in Division 6.b (Rockall)

ICES advice on fishing opportunities

ICES advises that when the precautionary approach is applied, catches should be no more than 280 to mes in each of the years 2019 and 2020. If discard rates do not change from 2017, this implies landings of no more than 2.51 mes

Stock development over time

The catches have been low and decreasing since 2001.

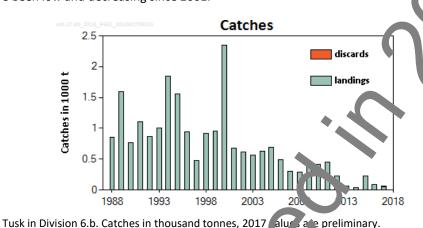


Figure 1Tusk in Division 6.b. Catches in thousand tonnes, 2017 alure are pre-

Stock and exploitation status

ICES cannot assess the stock and exploitation status relative to 201 and PA reference points because the reference points are undefined.

Table 1 Tusk in Division 6.b. State of the stock and fishe..., relative to reference points.

		Fishi g pres. re					Stock s	ize	
		2015 201		2017		2015	2016		2017
Maximum sustainable yield	F _{MSY}	???	•	Unknown	MSY B _{trigger}	?	?	?	Undefined
Precautionary approach	F _{pa} ,F _{lim}	27	0	Unknown	B _{pa} ,B _{lim}	?	?	8	Undefined
Management plan	F _{MGT}		-	Not applicable	B _{MGT}	_	-	-	Not applicable
Qualitative evaluation	- 7	10 0	8	Unknown	-	?	?	?	Unknown
Catch scenarios 🛛 📐 🚽									

ICES framework for a teg by 5 stocks was applied (ICES, 2012). For stocks without information on abundance or exploitation, ICES considers that a precautionary reduction of catches should be implemented unless there is ancillary information clearly index ing that the current level of exploitation is appropriate for the stock. The precautionary buffer was last applied in 2.012 and was therefore applied again this year.



Table 2Tusk in Division 6.b. The basis for the catch scenarios*.

Advised catch for 2017–2018 issued on 2016		350 t
Discard rate 2017		0.23
Precautionary buffer	Applied	0.80
Catch advice**		280 t
Landings corresponding to catch advice***		216 t
% Advice change^		-20%

* The figures in the table are rounded. Calculations were done with unrounded inputs and computed value may no match exactly when calculated using the rounded figures in the table.

** [Advice for 2017–2018] × [precautionary buffer].

*** [Advice for 2017–2018] × [precautionary buffer]/[1 – discard rate].

^ Advice value for 2019 and 2020 relative to advice value for 2018.

The advised catch is lower than that advised for 2018 because the precautionary buffer was pplied.

Basis of the advice

Table 3	Tusk in Divis	sion 6.b. The basis of the advice.
Advice basis		Precautionary approach.
Management	plan	ICES is not aware of any management plan for tusk in the prea.

Quality of the assessment

There is no assessment of the stock this year.

Issues relevant for the advice

The overall discard rate in 2017 increased to 23% of the total cate. In the longline fishery discarding is negligible. Trawl fisheries are directed at other species and most of the bycate. of task is discarded. The F_{MSY} proxy, derived in 2016 (ICES, 2016a) and based on the length-based indicator (LBI), is considered unreliable because the biological parameters used for this stock are no longer considered appropriate.

Reference points

No reference points are defined for this stor

Basis of the assessment

Table 4 Tusk in Di	ivision 6.b.The basis one assessment.
ICES stock data category	5 (<u>ICES, 2016b</u>).
Assessment type	No as: _ssr _en+ (ICES, 2018).
Input data	Comn y al c iches.
Discards and bycatch	D'acards a. e included.
Indicators	one.
Other information	Nu
Working group	vorking Group on the Biology and Assessment of Deep-Sea Fisheries Resources (WGDEEP)

Information 1. m stall olders

There is no av ilable information.

History of the advice, catch, and management

Year	ICES advice*	Predicted catch corresp. to advice	ICES landings	
2003	-		56	
2004	-		63	
2005	-		69	
2006	-		49	
2007	-		30	
2008	-		29	
2009	Constrain catches to 2003–2007 average	53	4	
2010	Biennial	-2	42	
2011	Reduce catches by at least the rate of decline of the CPUE	-	4	
2012	No new advice, same as 2011	-	233	
2013	20% reduction in catches	< 35	5	
2014	No new advice, same as 2013	< 35	38	
2015	Same advised catch as in 2013	< 35	22	
2016	No new advice, same as 2015	< 35	90	
2017	Precautionary approach (same value as advised catches for 2016)	≤ 350	4	
2018	Precautionary approach (same value as advised catches for 2016)	≤ 350		
2019	Precautionary approach	≤ 280		
2020	Precautionary approach	≤ 280		

History of catch and landings

Tusk in Division 6.b. Catch distribution by fleet in .017 . estimated by ICES. Table 6

Total catch (2017)	Lan, lings	Discards
	Longline Trawls	
61 t	79% 21%	14 t
	47 t	

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Table 7	Table 7 I usk in Division 6.D. History of commercial official landings as reported to ICES. Weights are in tonnes.										
Year	Faroes	France	Germany	Ireland	Iceland	Norway	E & W	N.I.	Scot.	Russia	Total
1988	217					601	8		34		860
1989	41	1				1537	2		12		1593
1990	6	3				738	2	+	19		768
1991		7	+	5		1068	3		25		1108
1992	63	2	+	5		763	3	1	30		867
1993	12	3	+	32		899	3	+	5		1003
1994	70	1	+	30		1673	6		65		1846
1995	79	1	+	33		1415	1		25		1564
1996		1		30		836	3		65		939
1997	1	1		23		359	2		90		476
1998		1		24	18	630	9		200		915
1999				26		591	5		231		953
2000		2		22		1933	14		372	1	2344
2001	1	1		31		476	10		157	6	681
2002		8		3		515	8		88		622
2003		7		18		452	11		72	1	561
2004		9		1		508	4		45	60	627
2005		5		9		503	5		33	137	692
2006	10	1		16		431	2		25	2	487
2007	4			8		231	1		30	25	299
2008	41			2		190			16	44	293
2009	70			4		358			17	3	452
2010	57			1		48 ا			13		419
2011	3					ر 17 _			14		450
2012	15					20			9		233
2013		1				19			11		57
2014	6					26			6		38
2015	1					218			7		226
2016				1		80			9		90
2017*				2		37			8		47
* Drolimina											

 Table 7
 Tusk in Division 6.b. History of commercial official landings as reported to ICES. Weights are in tonnes.

* Preliminary.

+ indicates catches < 0.5 tonnes.

 Table 8
 Tusk in Division 6.b. Landings in ide and outside the NEAFC Regulatory Area (RA) as estimated by ICES, and official commercial landings in tonper

Year	Inside the NEAFC RA		Outside the NEAFC RA	Landings
2014		10	28	38
2015		43	183	226
2016		20	70	90
2017		3	44	47

Summary of the assessme it

There is no assessment it tusk in this area.



Sources and references

ICES. 2012. ICES Implementation of Advice for Data-limited Stocks in 2012 in its 2012 Advice. ICES CM 2012/ACOM:68. 42 pp.

ICES. 2016a. EU request to provide a framework for the classification of stock status relative to MSY proves for selected category 3 and category 4 stocks in ICES subareas 5 to 10. *In* Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 201 . To 5 Advice 2016, Book 5, Section 5.4.2.

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