

# Common skate complex (Blue skate [Dipturus batis] and flapper skate [Dipturus intermedius]) in Subarea 8 and Division 9.a (Bay of Biscay and Atlantic Iberian waters)

# ICES advice on fishing opportunities

ICES has not been requested to provide advice on fishing opportunities for these stocks.

Note: This advice sheet is abbreviated due to the COVID-19 disruption. The previous advice issued for 2019 and 2020 is attached as Annex 1.

# Stock development over time

There are no stock-size indicators for the two species. Reported landings are low due to the restrictive management measures and do not provide information on stock dynamics.

# Stock and exploitation status

**Table 1** Blue skate and flapper skate in Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. State of the stocks and the fishery relative to reference points.

poto:											
	Fishing pressure					Stock size					
		2017	2018		2019			2017	2018		2019
Maximum sustainable yield	F <sub>MSY</sub>	?	?	3	Unknown		MSY B <sub>trigger</sub>	?	?	3	Unknown
Precautionary approach	$F_{pa}, F_{lim}$	8	?	3	Unknown		B <sub>pa</sub> ,B <sub>lim</sub>	?	?	3	Unknown
Management plan	F <sub>MGT</sub>	_	_	–	Not applicable		B <sub>MGT</sub>	_	_	-	Not applicable
Qualitative evaluation	-	•	?	3	Unknown		-	?	3	3	Unknown

# **Catch scenarios**

ICES has been requested to provide information on stock status; however, it has not been requested to provide advice on fishing opportunities for this stock unit.

#### History of the advice, catch, and management

Table 2 Blue skate and flapper skate in Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. History of ICES advice \*, reported landings of the common skate complex, and ICES estimates of combined landings of *Dipturus* spp., excluding *D. oxyrinchus* from Portugal. All weights are in tonnes.

	weights are in tornies.			
Year	ICES advice	Landings corresp. to advice	Reported landings **	ICES landings ***
2009	No targeted fishery	0	0.48	0.48
2010	No new advice, same as for 2009	0	0.049	0.049
2011	Zero TAC	0	0.086	0.086
2012	No new advice, same as 2011	0	0.077	0.077
2013	No targeted fishery, minimize bycatch	0	0.0148	0.0148
2014	No new advice, same as 2013	0	0.056	0.21
2015	No targeted fishery, minimize bycatch	0	0.094	13
2016	No new advice, same as 2015	0	0.014	15
2017	Precautionary approach	0	0	0
2018	Precautionary approach (same value as advised catches for 2017)	0	0.27	0.27
2019	No catch advice requested	-	0	0
2020	No catch advice requested	-		
2021	No catch advice requested	-		
2022	No catch advice requested	-		

<sup>\*</sup> There is no specific TAC for this stock. Fishing opportunities are managed through an overall TAC by management unit, which includes all species of skates and rays.

# Summary of the assessment

There is no assessment for this stock unit.

# Sources and references

ICES. 2020. Working Group on Elasmobranch Fishes (WGEF). ICES Scientific Reports, 2:77. http://doi.org/10.17895/ices.pub.7470.

Recommended citation: ICES. 2020. Common skate complex (blue skate [Dipturus batis] and flapper skate [Dipturus intermedius]) in Subarea 8 and Division 9.a (Bay of Biscay and Atlantic Iberian waters). In Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2020. ICES Advice 2020, rjb.27.89a. https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.5783.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Reported landings of the common skate complex (Dipturus batis and D. intermedius).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> These data combine landings for all *Dipturus* spp. occurring in the region, as data are confounded owing to species misidentification and misreporting, except for Portuguese landings estimates for *D. oxyrinchus* (included in the stock raj.27.89a).

ICES Advice on fishing opportunities, catch, and effort Bay of Biscay and the Iberian Coast Ecoregion rjb.27.89a



Published 5 October 2018 https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.pub.4562

Common skate complex (Blue skate (*Dipturus batis*) and flapper skate (*Dipturus intermedius*)) in Subarea 8 and Division 9.a (Bay of Biscay and Atlantic Iberian waters)

#### ICES advice on fishing opportunities

ICES has not been requested to provide advice on fishing opportunities for these stocks.

### Stock development over time

There are no stock size indicators for the two species. Reported landings are low due to restrictive management measures and do not provide information on stock dynamics.

# Stock and exploitation status

ICES cannot assess these stocks and their exploitation status relative to maximum sustainable yield (MSY) and precautionary approach (PA) reference points because the reference points are underlied.

Table 1 Blue skate and flapper skate Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. State of the stacks and fishery relative to reference points.

Table 1 Dide skale a	illu llappei s	skate 3u	Dai Ca C	and Division 3.a. State C	of the stands at	riisiici	relativ	etore	referice points.
			Fishing	pressure		Stock size			
		2015	2016	2017		2015	2016		2017
Maximum sustainable yield	F <sub>MSY</sub>	3	3	? Unknown	N of B <sub>trigger</sub>	3	3	3	Unknown
Precautionary approach	F <sub>pa</sub> ,F <sub>lim</sub>	2	3	? Unknown	B <sub>pa</sub> ,B <sub>lim</sub>	3	3	•	Unknown
Management plan	F <sub>MGT</sub>	-	-	- Not proble	B <sub>MGT</sub>	-	-	-	Not applicable
Qualitative evaluation	-	8	•	2 Unk wn	-	?	?	8	Unknown

# **Catch scenarios**

ICES has been requested to provide information on suck status but has not been requested to provide advice on fishing opportunities for this stock.

#### Basis of the advice

ICES has not been requested to provide dvice on fishing opportunities for this stock.

**Table 3** Blue skate and flarer's skate Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. The basis of the advice.

Advice basis	No calvic are juested
Management plan	ICES is not sware of any agreed precautionary management plan for blue skate and flapper skate in this area.

#### Quality of the asses me. \*

There are no a session of for either blue skate or flapper skate in this area.

# Issues relevant for the advice

Blue sk, te an opper skate (also referred to as the common skate complex) have traditionally been important commercial species it porthern European seas, taken in trawl and line fisheries. The geographical range of these species declined over the latter half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. These species are currently a bycatch in trawl and tangle net fisheries on some parts of the continental shelf.

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A taxonomic revision of these species has concluded that the smaller-bodied blue skate should retain the scientific name *Dipturus batis* and the larger-bodied flapper skate is now referred to as *Dipturus intermedius* (Last *et al.*, 2016). FAO have accepted the latter name, assigning it the ASFIS code DRJ. Flapper skate is reported predominantly from the northern North Sea and north-west Scotland and is occasionally found in the Celtic Sea. Blue skate is reported predominantly in the Celtic Sea, and its distribution extends northwards to Iceland. The southern limits of both species are uncertain.

The individual stock units are not reliably known; there is a likely connectivity between the Bay of Biscay and the Celtic Sea, where the smaller of the two species (blue skate) may be locally common (Bendall *et al.*, 2012 both species occur in the northern parts of the Biscay-Iberian ecoregion, and long-nose skate (*D. oxyrinchus*) is the predominant species of the genus in Division 9.a.

Current EU regulations prohibit the common skate complex species from being fished, retrined in borrd, transshipped, or landed. This prohibition applies to EU waters of ICES Division 2.a and subareas 3–4 ar 1 6–1 ). The stock area covered by this advice sheet extends beyond EU waters.

Legal obligations to declare most demersal elasmobranchs to species level has led to a greater proportion of data being reported to this level.

#### **Reference points**

No reference points are defined for this stock.

#### Basis of the assessment

**Table 4** Blue skate and flapper skate Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. The balls of the assessment.

ICES stock data category	6 ( <u>ICES, 2016a</u> )
Assessment type	No assessment (ICES, 2018)
Input data	None
Discards and bycatch	Discarding is known to take place ut has not been fully quantified.
Indicators	None
Other information	None
Working group	Working Group on Elac hranch Fishes (WGEF)

# Information from stakeholders

There is no additional available information.



#### History of the advice, catch, and management

Table 5 Blue skate and flapper skate Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. History of ICES advice\*, reported landings of common skate complex and ICES estimates of combined landings of *Dipturus* spp., excluding *D. oxyrinchus* from Portugal. All weights are in tonnes.

Year	ICES advice	Landings corresp. to	Reported landings **	IL S.I. ndin <sub>k</sub> ***
rear	TOES davice	advice		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
2009	No targeted fishery	0	0.5	0.5
2010	No new advice, same as for 2009	0	0.05	0.05
2011	Zero TAC	0	0 00	0.09
2012	No new advice, same as 2011	0	.08	0.08
2013	No targeted fishery, minimize bycatch	0	ر 1	0.01
2014	No new advice, same as 2013	0	ე.06	0.2
2015	No targeted fishery, minimize bycatch	0	09	13
2016	No new advice, same as 2015	0	( 01/	15
2017	Precautionary approach	0	C V	0.00
2018	Precautionary approach (same value as	0		
2018	advised catches for 2017)	U		
2019	No catch advice requested	-		
2020	No catch advice requested	-		

<sup>\*</sup> There is no specific TAC for this stock. Fishing opportunities are managed through an overa. TAC by management unit, which includes all species of skates and rays.

#### History of the catch and landings

The stock area includes part of the NEAFC regulatory area but the divibution of the stocks does not extend into that area.

Table 6 Blue skate and flapper skate Subarea 8 and Division 9.a. Catch distribution (for combined landings of *Dipturus* spp., excluding *D. oxyrinchus*) by fleet in 2016 (last ), ar with non-zero landings) as estimated by ICES.

Catch	Landings						Discards
	otter trawl	longlines	fixed net		Seines	unspecified gears	
Unknown	77%	2%	15%		1%	5%	Unquantified
					nes		

Table 7 Blue skate and flapper skip Subar a 8 and Division 9.a. ICES estimates of landings by country (by tonnes). Data revised in 2016 (ICES, 2016b). These late combine reported landings of *Dipturus* spp., excluding *D. oxyrinchus* from Portugal.

Year	Spain	France	UK	Ireland	Total
2009		0.5			0.5
2010		0			0
2011		0.1			0.1
2012		0.1			0.1
2013		0			0
2014		0.1	0.1		0.2
2015	3	0.1		13	16.1
2016		0	_	15	15
2017		0	<u> </u>		0

# Summary of the sssment

There is it assessment for the common skate complex.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> Reported landings of common skate complex (Dipturus batis and D. interme (us)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>These data combine landings for all *Dipturus* spp. occurring in the region, as that are confounded because of species misidentification and misreporting, except for Portuguese landings estimates for *D. oxyrincha dipcontact* in stock raj.27.89a).

#### Sources and references

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