### 5.3.57 Sea bass (Dicentrarchus labrax) in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h (central and southern North Sea, Irish Sea, English Channel, Bristol Channel, and Celtic Sea)

## ICES stock advice

ICES advises that when the precautionary approach is applied, there should be zero catch (commercial and recreational) in 2017.

## Stock development over time

SSB peaked in 2010 and has been declining since. Spawning-stock biomass (SSB) is now below $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$. The fishing mortality (F) shows an increasing trend but has declined slightly in recent years. Recruitment has been very poor since 2008; however, the 2013 estimate shows above-average recruitment.


Figure 5.3.57.1 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. Summary of stock assessment (weights in thousand tonnes). Total landings, including commercial landings and recreational estimates. Fishing mortality is shown for the combined commercial and recreational fisheries. Predicted recruitment values are not shaded.

## Stock and exploitation status

Table 5.3.57.1 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. State of the stock and fishery relative to reference points (RP).

|  | Fishing pressure |  |  |  |  | Stock size |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2013 | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 | 2015 |  | 2016 |
| Maximum sustainable yield | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ | ? | ? | ? | Undefined | MSY $\mathrm{B}_{\text {trigger }}$ | * | * | X | Below trigger |
| Precautionary approach | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{pa}}, \\ & \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{lim}} \end{aligned}$ |  | ? |  | Undefined | $\mathrm{B}_{\text {pa }}, \mathrm{Bl}_{\text {lim }}$ | 0 | 0 | $x$ | Reduced reproductive |
| Management plan | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MGT }}$ |  |  |  | Not applicable | SSB $_{\text {MGT }}$ | - | - |  | Not applicable |
| Qualitative evaluation |  | (x) | (x) | ( $\times$ | Above any candidate RP |  | - | - | - | Not applicable |

## Catch options

Table 5.3.57.2 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. The basis for the catch options.

| Variable | Value | Notes | Source |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| F ages 5-11 (2016) | 0.30 | $F_{2015 . ~ C o m m e r c i a l ~ f i s h e r y ~ F ~=~ 0.22 ; ~ r e c r e a t i o n a l ~ f i s h e r y ~ F ~=~ 0.08 . ~}^{2}$ | ICES (2016a) |
| SSB (2017) | 6219 t | Short-term forecast | ICES (2016a) |
| $\mathrm{R}_{\text {age } 0}(2014,2015$, and 2016) | 6469 thousands | Geometric mean 1985-2013 | ICES (2016a) |
| Total catch (2016) | Unknown |  |  |
| Total landings (2016) | 2305 t | Commercial + recreational | ICES (2016a) |
| Discards (2016) | Unknown |  |  |

Table 5.3.57.3 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. The catch options. Weights are in tonnes. The option of TAC changes are not presented, since there is no TAC for sea bass.

| Rationale | Total landings (2017) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Commercial } \\ \text { landings } \\ (2017) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Recreational landings (2017) | Basis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total F } \\ & \text { (2017) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commercial F } \\ (2017) \end{gathered}$ | Recreational F (2017) | $\begin{gathered} \text { SSB } \\ (2018) \end{gathered}$ | \%SSB change* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Precautionary approach | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathrm{F}=0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7583 | 21.9 |
| MSY approach ${ }^{\#}$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other options^ | 2036 | 1475 | 560 | $\mathrm{F}_{2016}$ | 0.30 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 5845 | -6.0 |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{SSB}_{2018}= \\ \mathrm{B}_{\lim } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & S_{S B_{2018}=B_{p a}} \\ & =\text { MSY }_{\text {trigger }} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1672 | 1212 | 460 | $0.8 \times \mathrm{F}_{2016}$ | 0.24 | 0.18 | 0.07 | 6152 | -1.1 |
|  | 1483 | 1074 | 408 | $0.7 \times \mathrm{F}_{2016}$ | 0.21 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 6312 | 1.5 |
|  | 1288 | 933 | 355 | $0.6 \times \mathrm{F}_{2016}$ | 0.18 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 6478 | 4.2 |
|  | 882 | 639 | 243 | $0.4 \times \mathrm{F}_{2016}$ | 0.12 | 0.09 | 0.03 | 6824 | 9.7 |
|  | 453 | 328 | 125 | $0.2 \times$ F. 2016 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 7192 | 15.6 |

*SSB in 2018 relative to SSB in 2017.
\# The MSY approach option was left blank because $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{MSY}}$ has not been appropriately defined.
${ }^{\wedge}$ The $B_{l i m}, B_{\text {pa }}$, and MSY $B_{\text {trigger }}$ options were left blank because $B_{\text {lim }}$ cannot be achieved in 2018 even with zero catch advice.

## Basis of the advice

Table 5.3.57.4 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. The basis of the advice.

| Advice basis | Precautionary approach. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Management plan | There is no management plan for sea bass in this area. |

## Quality of the assessment

There are uncertainties in the assessment because of inaccuracies in the catch data, particularly recreational catches. The point estimate of 1500 tonnes for the recreational catch is based on different surveys over a few years, and the assumption of using a constant F to reconstruct the time-series of catches adds uncertainty to the assessment. Fishery sampling rates over time have been variable for all countries.

The estimates of F and SSB have been rescaled as a result of the addition of age and length composition data introduced during the recent inter-benchmark (ICES, 2016b). The overall trends remain similar.

The two survey data series for the eastern English Channel, which is only a small part of the total stock area, provide good estimation of recruitment. However, a change in vessel and survey design in the Channel Ground Fish Survey led to the 2015 value not being included in this assessment. The very weak recruitment from 2008 to 2012 estimated in the assessment is confirmed by the surveys and by reduced catches of young fish by the UK and French fisheries. All the input data to the
assessment and additional information (catch per unit effort in the French fishery) are indicative of a declining trend of biomass.

Stock identity remains poorly understood and tagging studies are ongoing. Survival rates of sea bass discarded from commercial vessels or released by anglers are poorly known.


Figure 5.3.57.2 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. Historical assessment results (includes assumed long-term average recruitment for 2013 onwards in both assessments). The basis of the assessment changed in 2015 when the stock was benchmarked (ICES, 2015b).

## Issues relevant for the advice

The emergency measures in 2015 reduced pelagic trawl catches of seabass and also bycatch of seabass in other fisheries. The fishing mortality in 2016 is assumed to be the same as in 2015 in the catch forecast and the results show that even with zero catch in 2017 the stock will stay below $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ in 2018. However, additional management measures have been introduced for 2016 which may result in fishing mortality below the assumed. A sensitivity analysis carried out by ICES indicates that with $30 \%$ reduction in F in 2016, which is considered plausible given the additional management measures for 2016, and zero catch in 2017 the stock would increase to just above $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ in 2018. Given that the stock would be estimated to remain near $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ and taking into account the uncertainties in the assessment and forecast, ICES considers that its advice for zero catch in 2017, aiming to bring the stock above $\mathrm{B}_{\text {lim }}$ in the short term, remains valid even if such a decrease in F in 2016 occurs.

Only $B_{l i m}$ and $B_{p a}$ reference points were re-estimated this year.
A new benchmark is to be conducted for seabass in 2017.

## Reference points

Table 5.3.57.5 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. Reference points, values, and their technical basis.

| Framework | Reference point | Value | Technical basis | Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MSY approach | MSY $\mathrm{B}_{\text {trigger }}$ | 12673 t | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ | ICES (2016a) |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$ | Not defined. |  |  |
| Precautionary approach | Blim | 8075 t | $\mathrm{B}_{\text {loss }}$ from the IBPBass 2016 assessment*. | ICES (2016b) |
|  | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ | 12673 t | $\mathrm{B}_{\mathrm{lim}} \times \exp (1.645 \times \sigma) ; \sigma=0.274$ | ICES (2016a) |
|  | Flim | Not defined. |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{pa}}$ | Not defined. |  |  |
| Management plan | $\mathrm{SSB}_{\text {MGT }}$ | Not applicable. |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MGT }}$ | Not applicable. |  |  |

[^0]
## Basis of the assessment

Table 5.3.57.6 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. The basis of the assessment.

| ICES stock data category | 1 (ICES, 2016c) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Assessment type | Age- and length-based analytical assessment (Stock Synthesis 3; NOAA Toolbox) that uses landings in the <br> model and in the forecast. |
| Input data | Commercial landings (international landings, ages and length frequencies from catch sampling); one <br> recruit survey (UK Solent autumn survey); one bottom trawl survey (Channel Groundfish Survey); growth <br> and maturity data from sampling of commercial catches and surveys; natural mortality (inferred from life <br> history parameters and maximum observed ages); recreational fishing mortality estimated for 2012 <br> inferred from recreational fishery surveys (since 2009). |
| Discards and bycatch | Discarding is known to take place but cannot be fully quantified (in the order of 5\% in weight). |
| Indicators | Catch per unit effort in the French fishery |
| Other information | This stock was benchmarked in 2012, 2014 and 2016 (ICES, 2012, 2014, 2016b). A new benchmark is <br> planned for 2017. |
| Working group | Working Group for the Celtic Seas Ecoregion (WGCSE) |

## Information from stakeholders

The North Western Waters Advisory Council (NWWAC) framework for advice for seabass management in Northwestern waters was communicated to the European Commission on 16th of May 2016 (NWWAC, 2016).

## History of the advice, catch, and management

Table 5.3.57.7 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. History of ICES advice, the agreed TAC, and the official and ICES estimates of commercial landings. Weights are in thousand tonnes.

| Year | ICES advice | Predicted catch corresp. to advice* | Agreed TAC | Official commercial landings | ICES commercial landings |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000 | - | - | none | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| 2001 | - | - | none | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| 2002 | No increase in effort or F | - | none | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| 2003 | No increase in effort or F | - | none | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| 2004 | No increase in effort or F | - | none | 3.0 | 3.7 |
| 2005 | - | - | none | 3.2 | 4.4 |
| 2006 | - | - | none | 3.4 | 4.5 |
| 2007 | - | - | none | 3.5 | 4.2 |
| 2008 | - | - | none | 3.0 | 4.2 |
| 2009 | - | - | none | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| 2010 | - | - | none | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| 2011 | - | - | none | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 2012 | No increase in catch | - | none | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| 2013 | 20\% reduction in catches (last 3 years' average) | <6.0** | none | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| 2014 | $36 \%$ reduction in commercial landings ( $20 \%$ reduction, followed by 20\% precautionary reduction) | <2.707** | none | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| 2015 | MSY approach | <1.155*** | none | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| 2016 | MSY approach | $\leq 0.541^{* * *}$ | none |  |  |
| 2017 | Precautionary approach | 0 |  |  |  |

* Advice prior to 2014 was given for sea bass in the Northeast Atlantic.
** Commercial landings.
*** Total landings (commercial and recreational landings).


## History of catch and landings

Table 5.3.57.8 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. Catch distribution by fleet in 2015 as estimated by ICES.

| Total catch (2015) | Commercial landings UK and France |  |  |  |  | Commercial landings other countries | Commercial discards | Recreational catch (partially reported) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unknown | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { pelagic } \\ \text { pair } \\ \text { trawlers } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | bottom trawlers | fixed/drift nets | lines | other <br> gears | all gears | Unknown (in the order of $5 \%$ in weight) | Known to be substantial but cannot be fully quantified (surveys indicate total annual removals by France, UK (England), Netherlands, and Belgium to the order of 1500 tonnes in 2012) |
|  | 5\% | 36\% | 22\% | 20\% | 4\% | 13\% |  |  |
|  | 2040 tonnes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.3.57.9 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. History of commercial landings; both the official and ICES estimated values are presented for each country participating in the fishery (in tonnes). Source: Official landings statistics 1950-2014 and provisional data for 2015, ICES, Copenhagen.

| Year | Belgium | Denmark | Germany | France* | UK | Netherlands | Channel Is. | Total | Total ICES |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1985 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 620 | 105 | 0 | 18 | 743 | 994 |
| 1986 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 841 | 124 | 0 | 15 | 980 | 1319 |
| 1987 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1226 | 123 | 0 | 14 | 1363 | 1980 |
| 1988 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 714 | 173 | 8 | 12 | 925 | 1239 |
| 1989 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 675 | 192 | 2 | 48 | 919 | 1161 |
| 1990 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 609 | 189 | 0 | 25 | 824 | 1063 |
| 1991 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 726 | 239 | 0 | 16 | 982 | 1227 |
| 1992 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 721 | 148 | 0 | 36 | 906 | 1186 |
| 1993 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 718 | 230 | 0 | 45 | 994 | 1255 |
| 1994 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 593 | 535 | 0 | 49 | 1178 | 1371 |
| 1995 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 801 | 708 | 0 | 69 | 1579 | 1835 |
| 1996 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1703 | 563 | 8 | 56 | 2331 | 3022 |
| 1997 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1429 | 561 | 1 | 74 | 2066 | 2620 |
| 1998 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1363 | 488 | 48 | 79 | 1980 | 2390 |
| 1999 | 0 | 1 | 0 | NA | 685 | 32 | 108 | 826 | 2670 |
| 2000 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1522 | 407 | 60 | 130 | 2124 | 2407 |
| 2001 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1619 | 458 | 77 | 80 | 2236 | 2500 |
| 2002 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1580 | 627 | 96 | 73 | 2377 | 2622 |
| 2003 | 154 | 1 | 0 | 1903 | 586 | 163 | 84 | 2891 | 3458 |
| 2004 | 159 | 1 | 0 | 1883 | 617 | 191 | 159 | 3010 | 3731 |
| 2005 | 206 | 1 | 0 | 1937 | 512 | 327 | 220 | 3203 | 4430 |
| 2006 | 211 | 2 | 0 | 2033 | 574 | 308 | 162 | 3290 | 4377 |
| 2007 | 178 | 1 | 0 | 1975 | 713 | 376 | 142 | 3385 | 4064 |
| 2008 | 188 | 0 | 0 | 1420 | 791 | 380 | 123 | 2902 | 4107 |
| 2009 | 173 | 0 | 0 | 2732 | 697 | 395 | 91 | 4088 | 3889 |
| 2010 | 215 | 4 | 0 | 3294 | 736 | 39 | 120 | 4768 | 4563 |
| 2011 | 152 | 2 | 0 | 2566 | 793 | 395 | 90 | 3998 | 3858 |
| 2012 | 154 | 3 | 0 | 2399 | 892 | 376 | 55 | 3879 | 3987 |
| 2013 | 145 | 5 | 2 | 2786 | 803 | 370 | 37 | 4148 | 4136 |
| 2014 | 146 | 1 | 0 | 1309 | 1038 | 253 | 37 | 2784 | 2682 |
| $2015 * *$ | 40 | 0 | 0 | 1110 | 683 | 207 | 26 | 2066 | 2040 |

* Landings since 2000 are ICES estimates.
** Preliminary.

Table 5.3.57.10 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. History of recreational catch and landings estimates provided to ICES by area for each country which has conducted surveys of the fishery. RSE = relative standard error.

| Country | Year | Area | Weight / Number | Kept | RSE | Released | RSE | Total | RSE | Release rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| France | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2009- } \\ 2011^{*, *} \end{gathered}$ | Northeast Atlantic | Weight | 2343 t | - | 830 t |  | 3173 t | 26\% | 26\% |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ICES } \\ & \text { Subareas } 4 \text { \& } \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | Weight | 940 t |  | 332 t |  | 1272 t | >26\% | 26\% |
|  | 2011-2012 | Northeast Atlantic | Weight | 3146 t | - | 776 t |  | 3922t | - | 20\% |
| Netherlands | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & \text { 2010-Feb } \\ & 2011 \end{aligned}$ | North Sea | Number | 234000 | 38\% | 131000 | 27\% | 366000 | 30\% | 64\% |
|  |  | North Sea | Weight*** | 138 t | 37\% |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March } \\ \text { 2012-Feb } \\ 2013 \end{gathered}$ | North Sea | Number | 335000 | 26\% | 332000 | 21\% | 667000 | 17\% | 50\% |
|  |  | North Sea | Weight*** | 229 t | 26\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { UK } \\ \text { (England) } \end{gathered}$ | 2012^ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ICES } \\ & \text { Subareas } 4 \text { \& } \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | Weight | 230-440 t |  | 150-250 t |  | 380-690 t | 26-38\% | 36-39\% |
| Belgium | 2013 | North Sea | Weight | 60 t | - | - | - | - | - | - |

* ~ 80\% by weight in 2009/2011 was recreational sea angling.
** RSE was $26 \%$ for subareas 7 and 8 combined; Subarea 7 represented $40 \%$ of the total.
*** 93\% by weight in 2010/2011 is recreational sea angling; 2012/2013 estimates are sea angling only.
$\wedge$ Survey covered only recreational sea angling.


## Summary of the assessment

Table 5.3.57.11 Sea bass in divisions 4.b-c, 7.a, and 7.d-h. Assessment summary.

| Year | Recruitment <br> Age 0 <br> thousands | High | Low | SSB <br> tonnes | High | Low | Landings <br> tonnes | Mean F <br> Ages 5-11 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1985 | 355 | 688 | 22 | 13506 | 15916 | 11095 | 2216 | 0.151 |
| 1986 | 686 | 1304 | 68 | 12242 | 14455 | 10029 | 2441 | 0.181 |
| 1987 | 7868 | 10019 | 5717 | 11155 | 13170 | 9140 | 3041 | 0.241 |
| 1988 | 6188 | 8980 | 3395 | 10154 | 11975 | 8332 | 2286 | 0.183 |
| 1989 | 37654 | 42653 | 32655 | 10054 | 11767 | 8340 | 2149 | 0.181 |
| 1990 | 3213 | 5675 | 750 | 9481 | 11179 | 7783 | 1930 | 0.185 |
| 1991 | 6106 | 8685 | 3527 | 8497 | 10200 | 6794 | 1987 | 0.218 |
| 1992 | 9044 | 11823 | 6265 | 7507 | 9186 | 5827 | 1935 | 0.217 |
| 1993 | 4163 | 6297 | 2030 | 7738 | 9372 | 6104 | 2196 | 0.2 |
| 1994 | 13202 | 16811 | 9593 | 9710 | 11260 | 8160 | 2689 | 0.167 |
| 1995 | 20048 | 23846 | 16249 | 12825 | 14363 | 11286 | 3359 | 0.181 |
| 1996 | 1024 | 1984 | 65 | 14725 | 16362 | 13087 | 4527 | 0.249 |
| 1997 | 23272 | 27659 | 18885 | 14309 | 16016 | 12601 | 4027 | 0.238 |
| 1998 | 8440 | 12906 | 3975 | 13592 | 15343 | 11842 | 3728 | 0.232 |
| 1999 | 22970 | 28426 | 17514 | 13219 | 15001 | 11437 | 4042 | 0.248 |
| 2000 | 11067 | 15228 | 6906 | 13313 | 15122 | 11503 | 3861 | 0.222 |
| 2001 | 12605 | 17961 | 7250 | 14090 | 15985 | 12195 | 4005 | 0.222 |
| 2002 | 20114 | 26871 | 13357 | 14768 | 16768 | 12767 | 4232 | 0.219 |
| 2003 | 21068 | 27267 | 14869 | 15807 | 17900 | 13714 | 5162 | 0.254 |


| 2004 | 13829 | 18886 | 8772 | 16458 | 18622 | 14294 | 5516 | 0.259 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2005 | 10283 | 14278 | 6288 | 17024 | 19247 | 14802 | 6208 | 0.292 |
| 2006 | 11175 | 15204 | 7147 | 16759 | 19062 | 14455 | 6120 | 0.294 |
| 2007 | 8606 | 12416 | 4796 | 16619 | 19001 | 14236 | 5869 | 0.273 |
| 2008 | 5362 | 8575 | 2150 | 17294 | 19779 | 14810 | 6009 | 0.264 |
| 2009 | 4508 | 6922 | 2094 | 18021 | 20710 | 15331 | 5810 | 0.252 |
| 2010 | 865 | 1739 | 0 | 18215 | 21217 | 15213 | 6386 | 0.291 |
| 2011 | 2845 | 4533 | 1158 | 17001 | 20386 | 13616 | 5536 | 0.275 |
| 2012 | 1595 | 2812 | 378 | 15738 | 19578 | 11899 | 5487 | 0.305 |
| 2013 | 10576 | 20107 | 1046 | 13781 | 18125 | 9438 | 5383 | 0.36 |
| 2014 | $6469^{*}$ |  |  | 11057 | 15896 | 6219 | 3680 | 0.313 |
| 2015 | $6469^{*}$ |  |  | 9084 | 14348 | 3820 | $\mathbf{2 8 3 9}$ | 0.303 |
| 2016 | $6469^{*}$ |  |  | 7320 | 12874 | 1765 |  |  |
| Average | $\mathbf{9 9 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 8 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 7 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 1 5 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 6 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 2 4 1}$ |

* Long-term geometric mean.
** Annual recreational landings consistent with recreational $F(5-11)$ of 0.08 , estimated by assessment model.


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[^0]:    *Version 2; Text edited to clarify the origin of the value.

